

# Properties of the $\pi_1(1600)$ from BNL/E852 D. Weygang

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## The $J^{PC}=1^{-+}$ Exotic Spectrum from BNL/E852

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*for the E852 Collaboration*

E852: Multi-Particle Spectrometer    18 GeV/c  $\pi^-$  on  $\text{LH}_2$  target

Data Runs: 1994, 1995, 1997, 1998    Cerenkov detector for  $\pi/K$  separation

$\pi_1(1400) : \eta \pi^-$

$\pi_1(1600) : \rho \pi, \eta' \pi, f_1(1285) \pi, b_1(1235) \pi$     Preliminary

$\pi_1(2000) : f_1(1285) \pi, b_1(1235) \pi$

# Light Quark Hybrid Mass and Decays

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## Light Quark $J^{PC}=1^{-+}$ Lattice Mass

Collaboration	Mass (GeV/c <sup>2</sup> )	
UKQCD '97	1.87	Lacock <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Lett. <b>B401</b> , 308.
MILC '97	1.97	Bernard <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. <b>D56</b> , 7039.
MILC '99	2.11	Bernard <i>et al.</i> , Nucl. Phys. B <b>73</b> , 264.
Lacock&Schilling	1.9	Lacock & Schilling, Nucl. Phys. B <b>73</b> , 261.

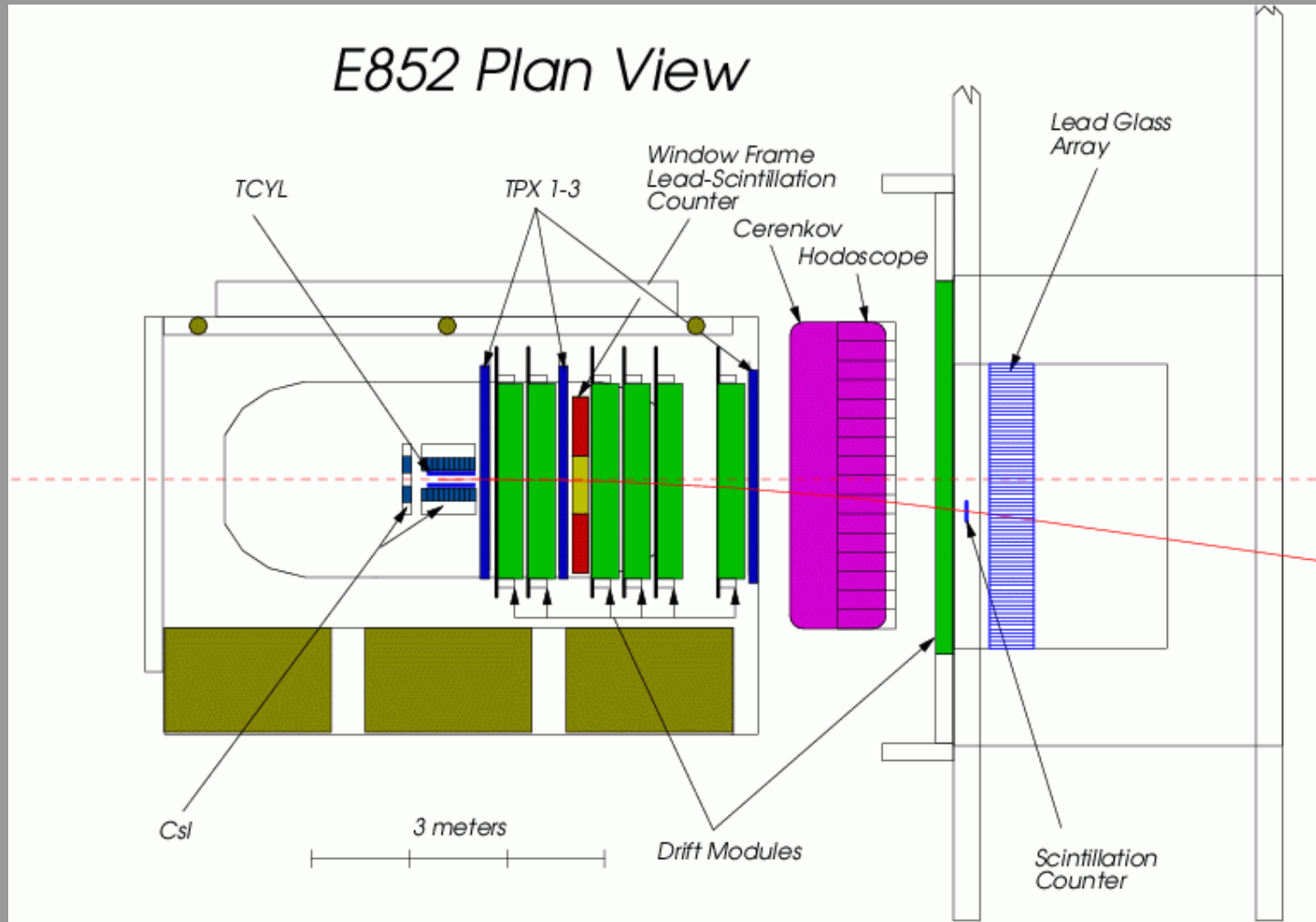
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## Light Quark $J^{PC}=1^{-+}$ Flux-Tube $^3P_0$ Branching Ratio

$f_1\pi$	$b_1\pi$	$\rho\pi$	$\eta\pi$	$\eta'\pi$
60	170	5-20	0-10	0-10

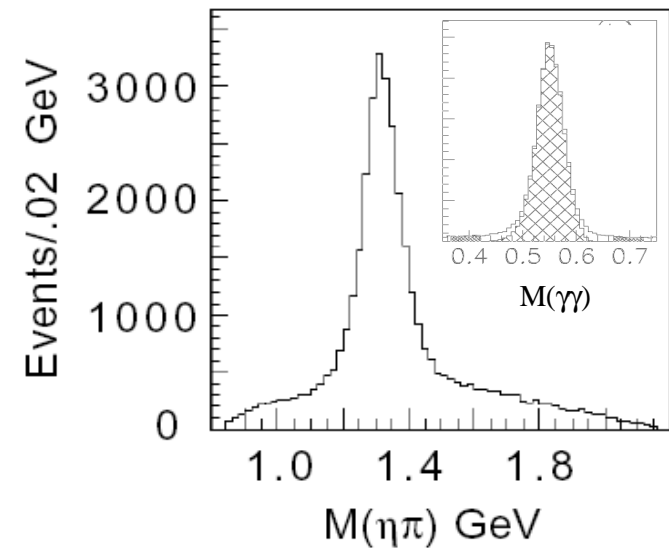
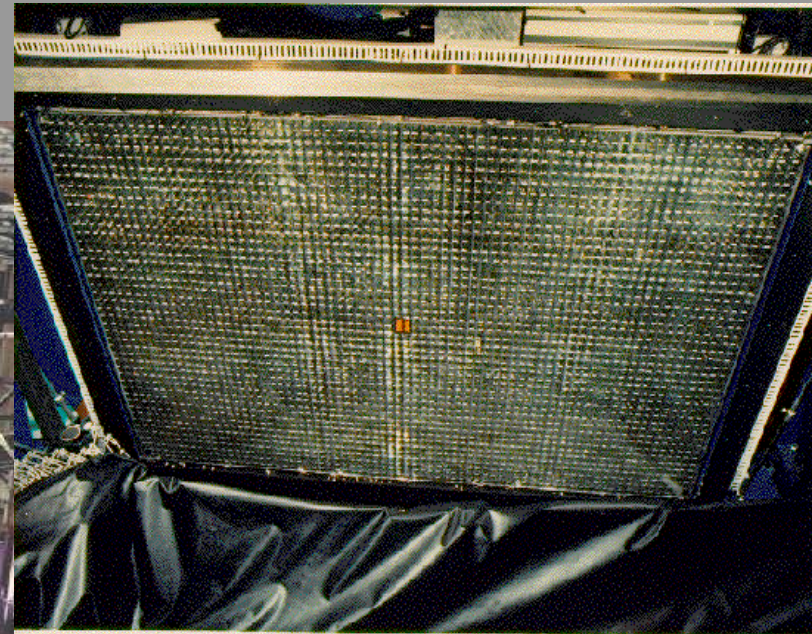
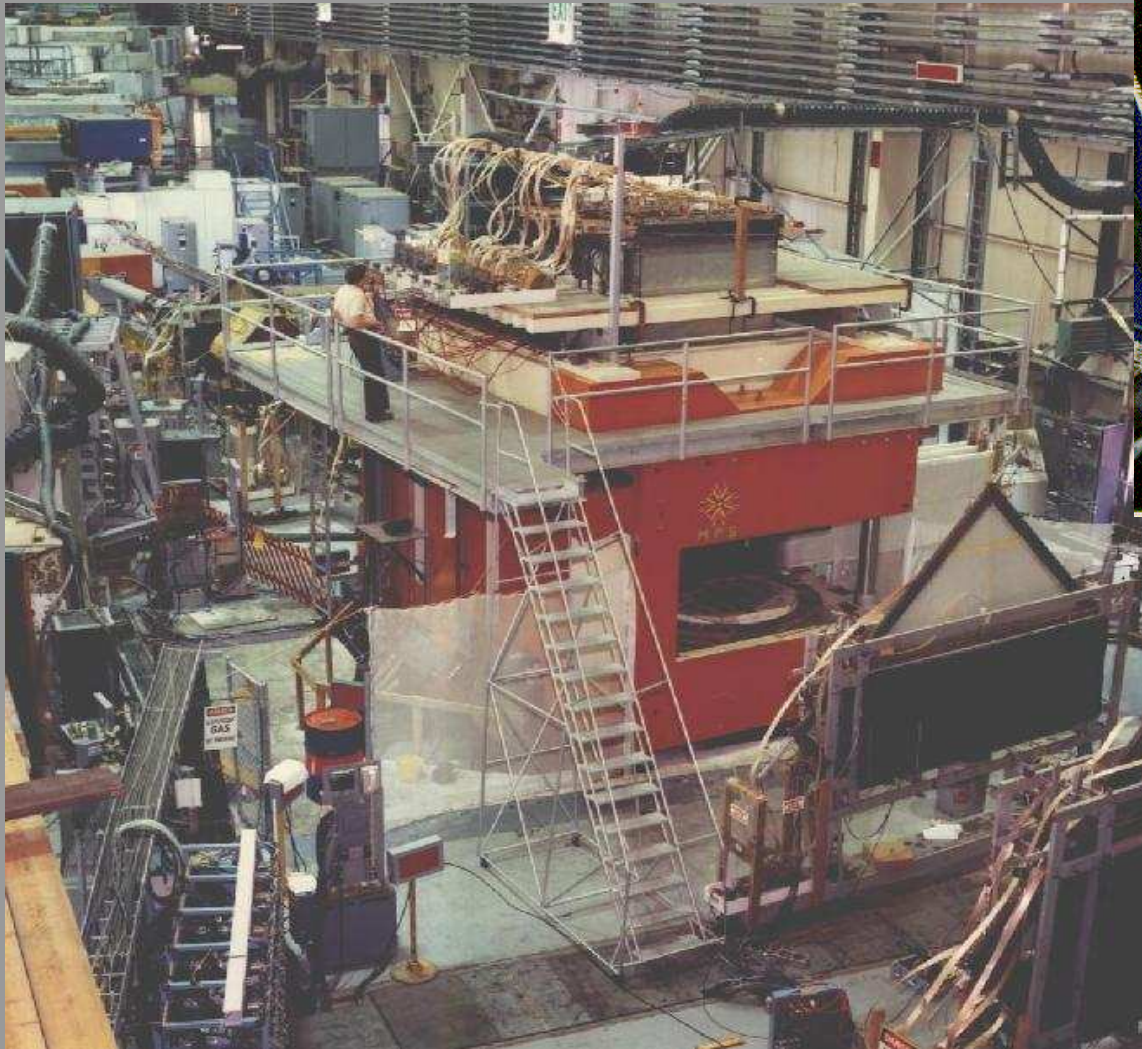
Close & Page, Nucl. Phys. B **443**, 233 (1995)

# E852: MPS/Pb Glass/Cerenkov Counter



E852 (1994-1998)

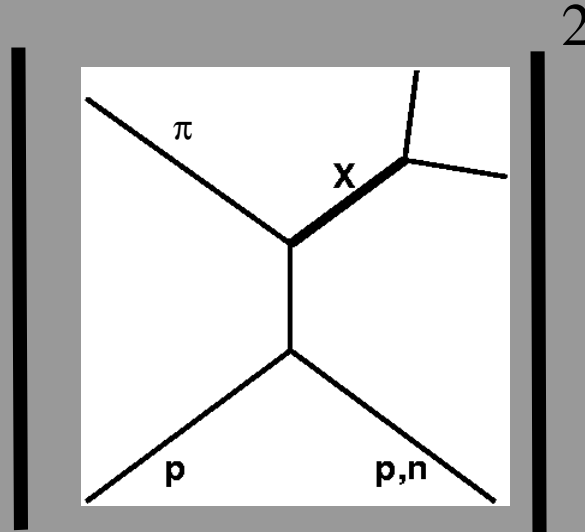
# Brookhaven Multi-Particle Spectrometer



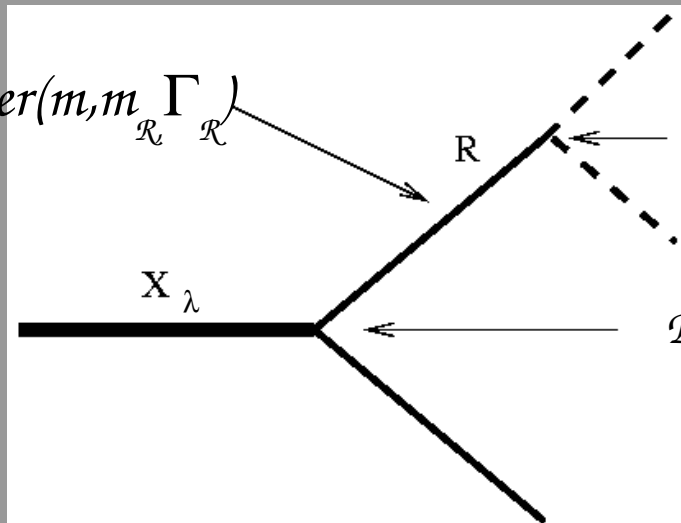
# Partial Wave Analysis Formalism

Angular Distributions:

$$I(\tau) = \sum_{\epsilon k} \sum_X$$



Breit-Wigner( $m, m_{\mathcal{R}}, \Gamma_{\mathcal{R}}$ )



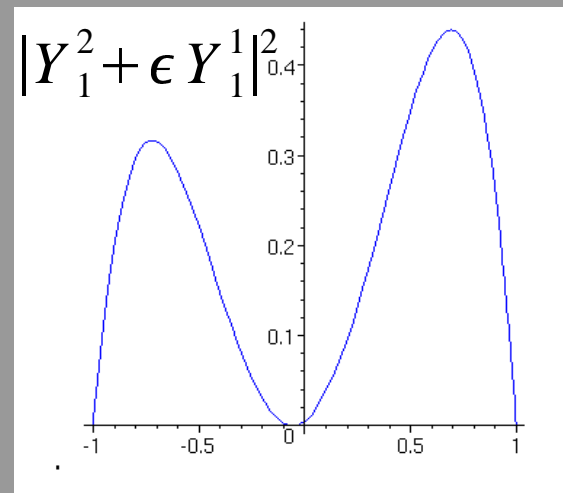
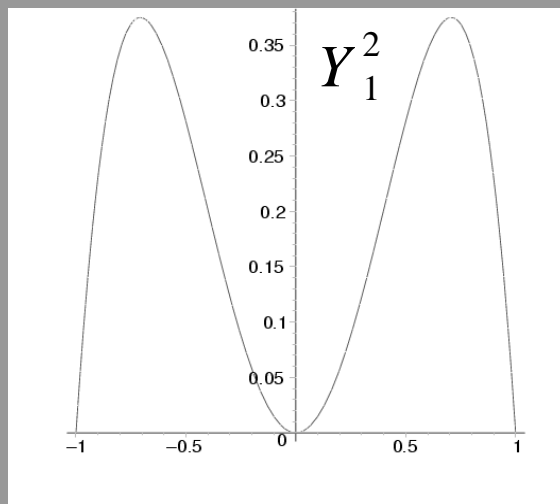
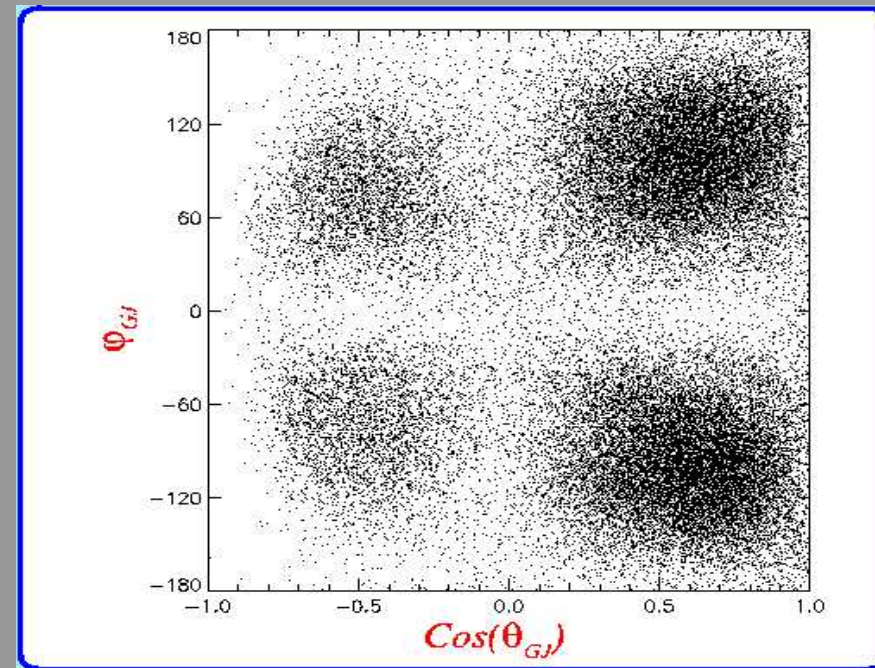
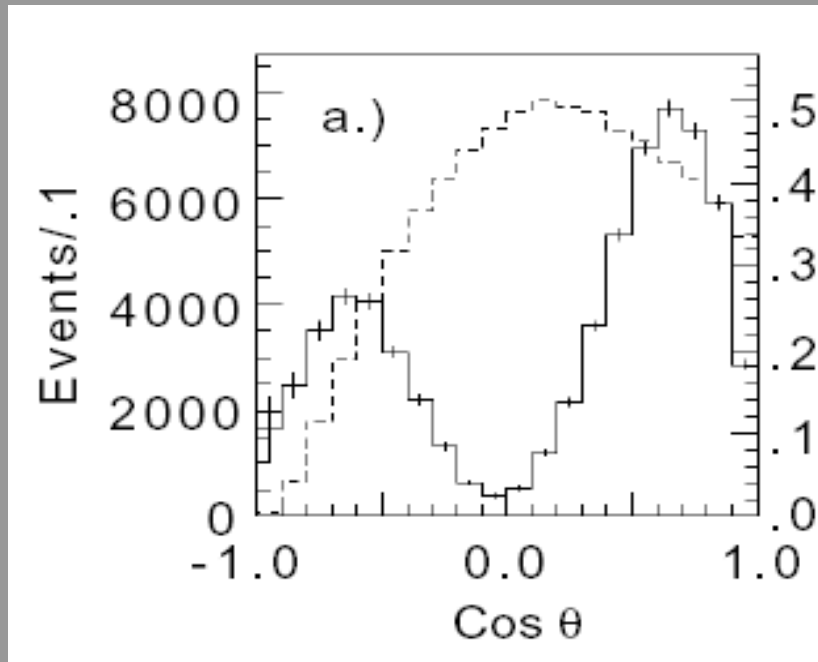
Blatt-Weisskopf Barrier( $p, L$ )  $D_{M\lambda}^J(\phi\theta 0)$

Blatt-Weisskopf Barrier( $p, L$ )  $D_{M\lambda}^J(\phi\theta 0)$

E852 (1994)

$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$

$P_1$ - $D_1$  Interference



$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon^+ &: | +1 \rangle - | -1 \rangle \propto \sin^2(\phi) \\ \epsilon^- &: | +1 \rangle + | -1 \rangle \propto \cos^2(\phi) \end{aligned}$$

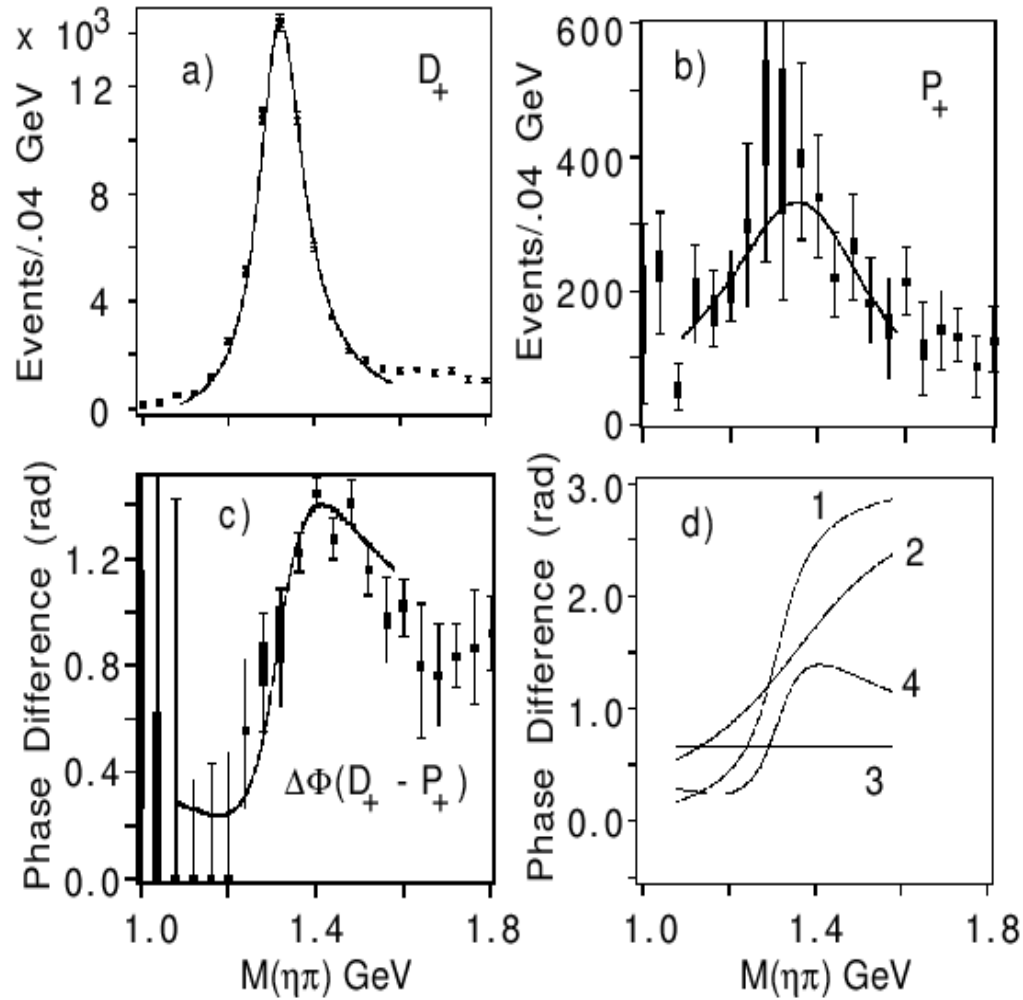
E852 (1994)

$\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$

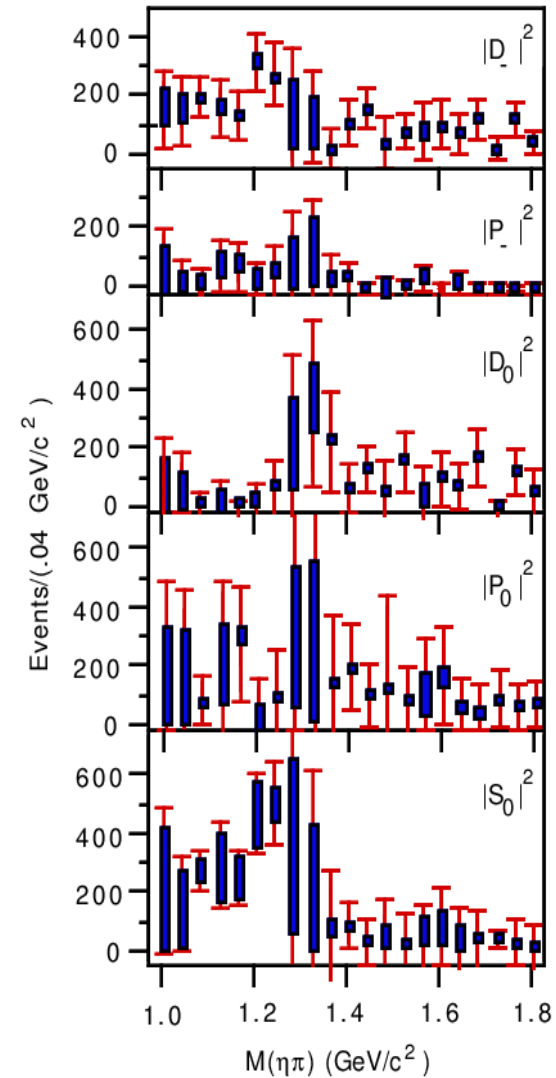
$$M(\pi_1(1400)) = 1370 \pm 16_{-30}^{+50} \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\Gamma(\pi_1(1400)) = 385 \pm 40_{-47}^{+29} \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

Natural Parity Exchange

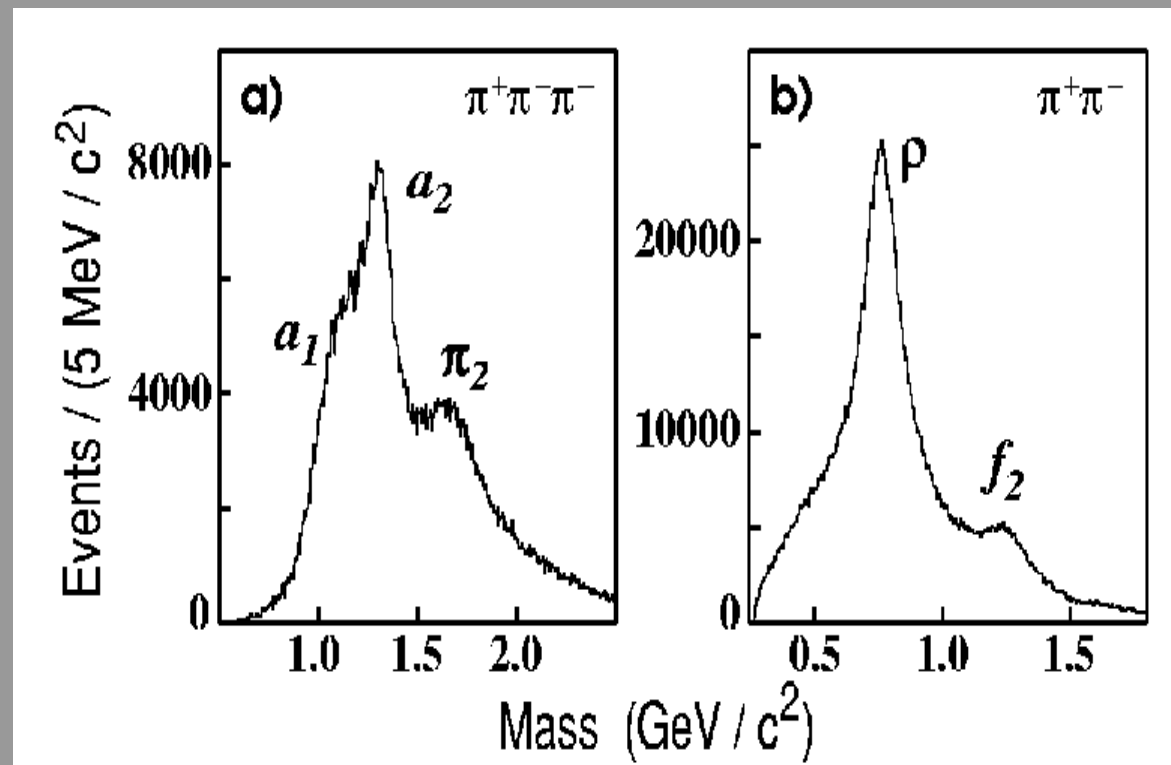
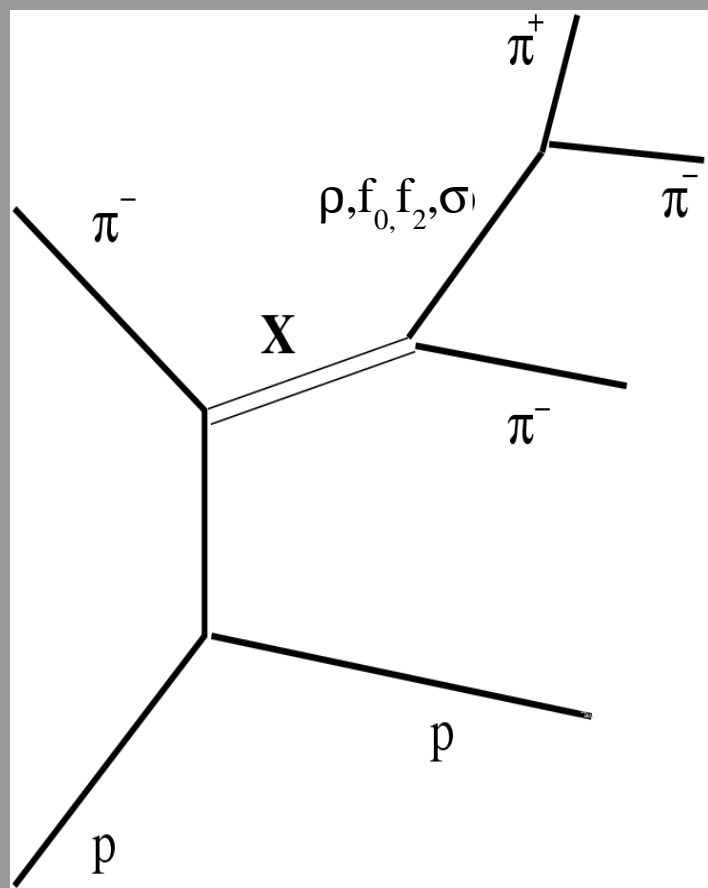


Unnatural Parity Exchange



E852 (1994)  $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$

Phys. Rev. **D65**, 072001 (2002)



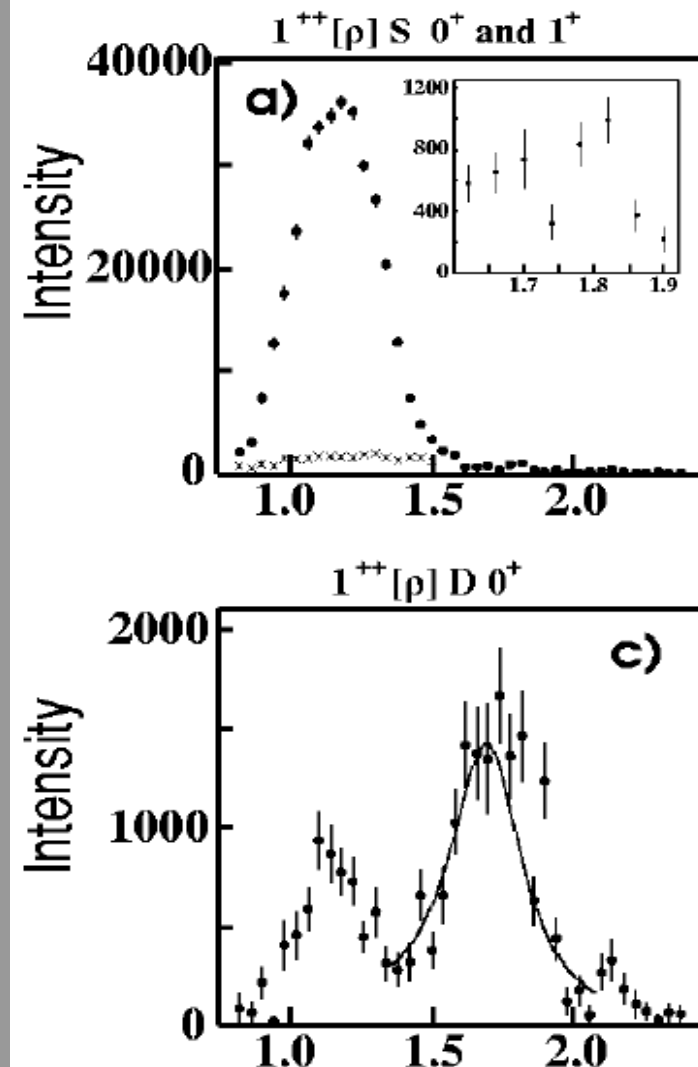
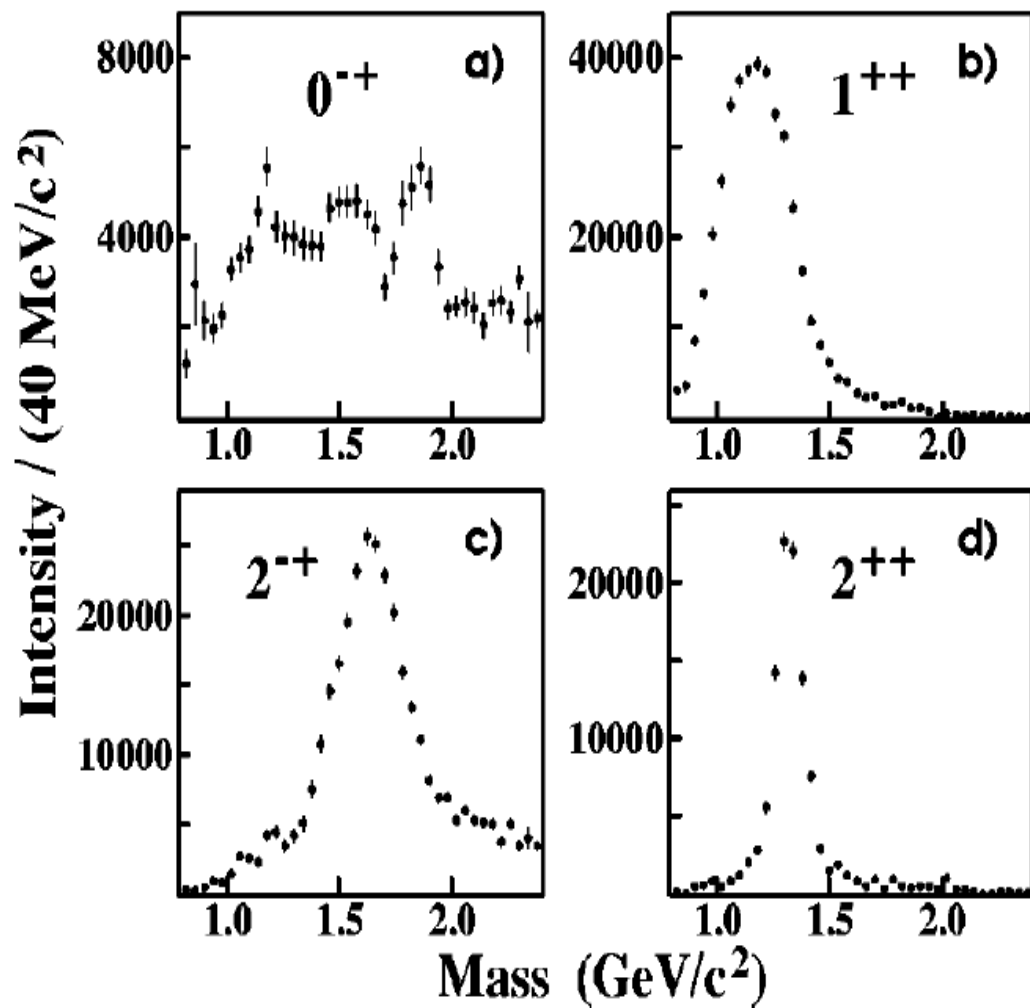
250,000 Events



# E852 (1994) $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$

Principle Waves:

$J^{PC} = 1^{++}$  Wave



E852 (1994)

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$$

$a_3(1874)$ :

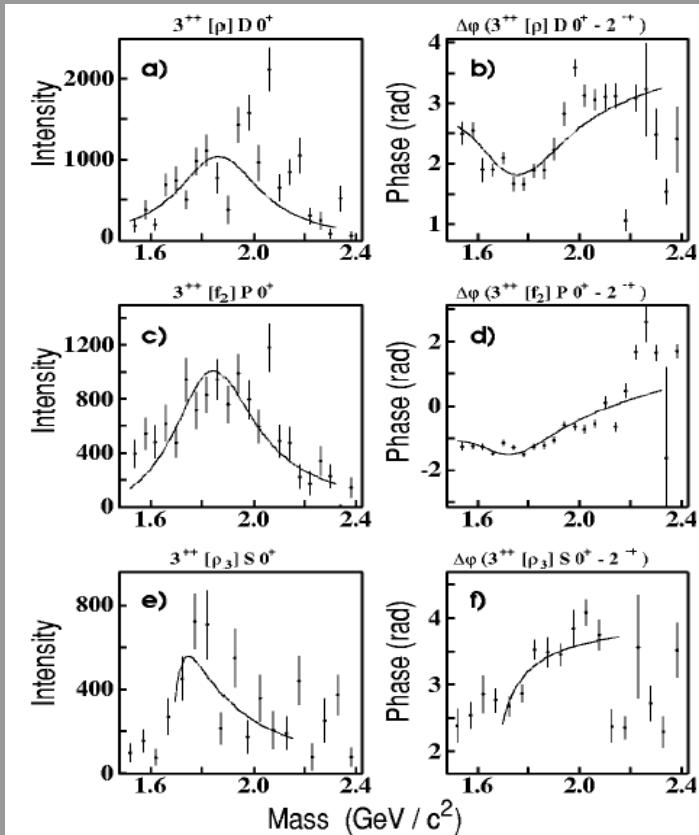


FIG. 16. Intensities of the (a)  $3^{++}[\rho]D0^+$ , (c)  $3^{++}[f_2]P0^+$ , (e)  $3^{++}[\rho_3]S0^+$  waves and their corresponding phase differences (b,d,f) with respect to the  $2^{-+}[f_2]S0^+$  wave. The 27-wave rank-1 fit is shown. Curves show the mass-dependent fits of the  $a_3(1874)$  with parameters from Eq. (19). Note that the fitted  $a_3(1874)$  mass and width vary considerably in the fits done separately for each decay mode leading to large parameter errors in Eq. (19).

$a_4(2040)$ :

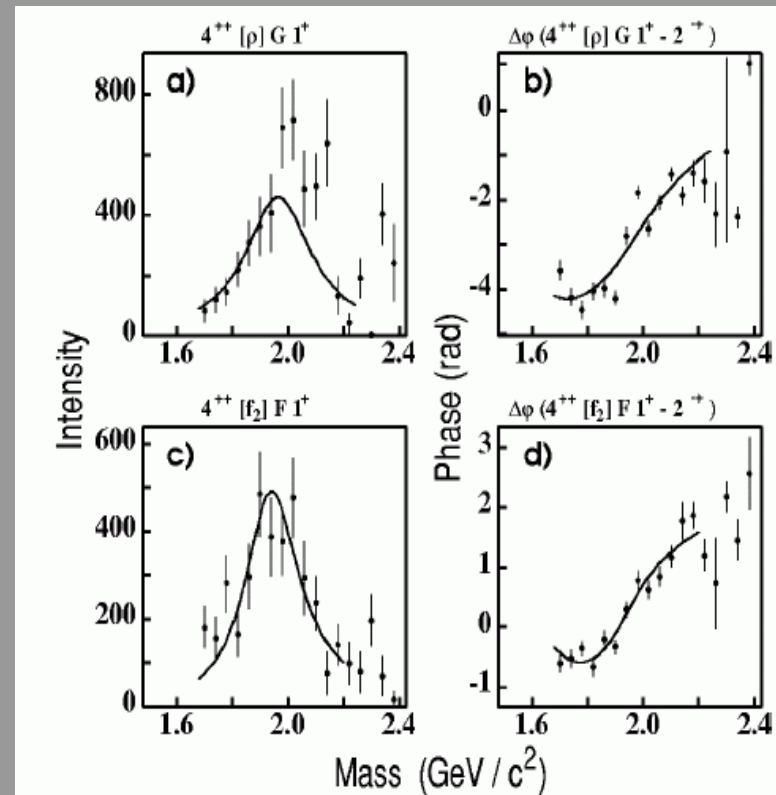


FIG. 17. Intensities of the (a)  $4^{++}[\rho]G1^+$ , (c)  $4^{++}[f_2]F1^+$  waves and their corresponding phase differences (b,d) with respect to the  $2^{-+}[f_2]S0^+$  wave. The 27-wave fit is shown. Curves show the mass-dependent fits of the  $a_4(2040)$  with parameters from Eq. (21).

$$\pi^- (18 \text{ GeV}/c) p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$$

$J^{PC} = 1^+ \text{ Exotic } \pi_1(1600)$

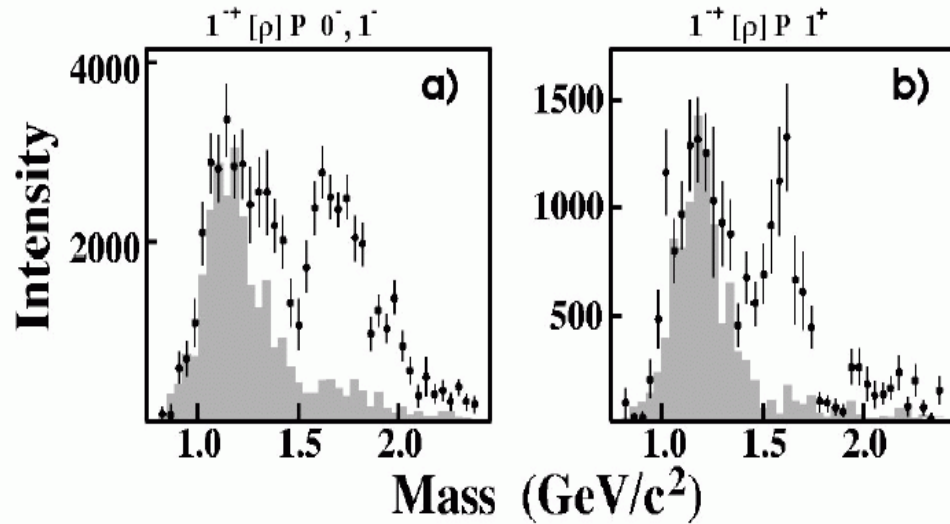
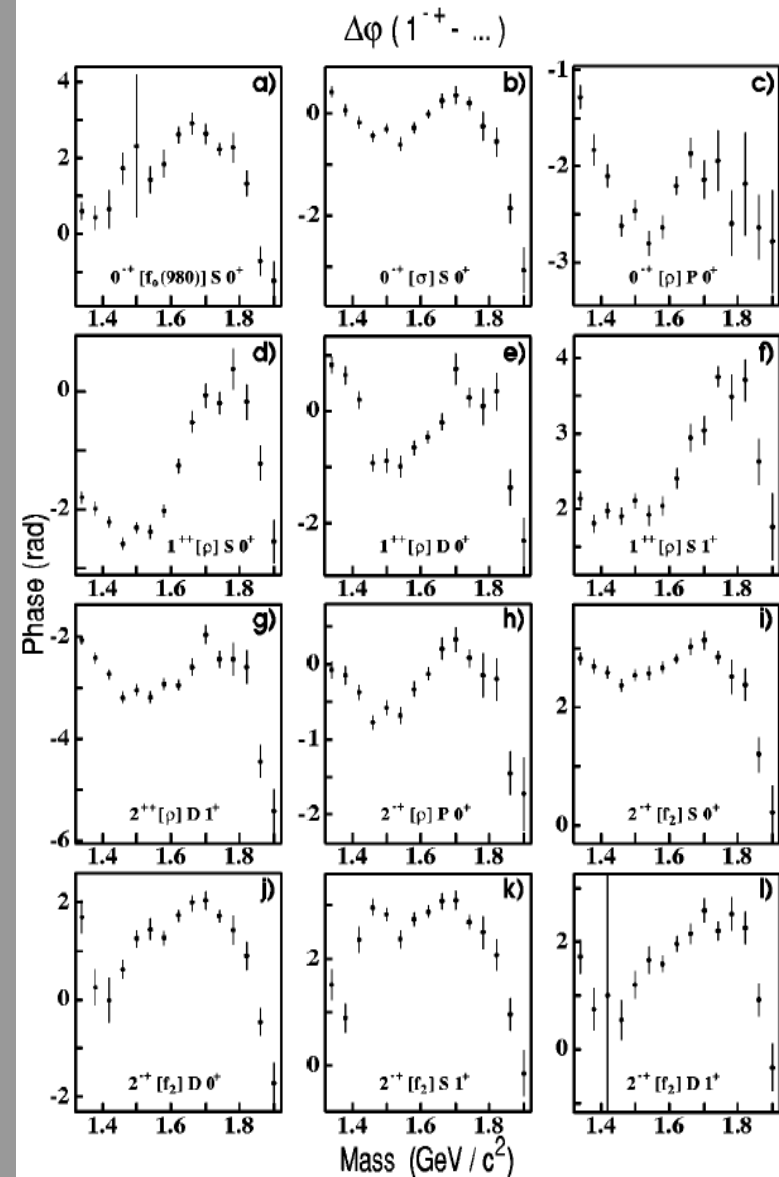


FIG. 18. Wave intensities of the  $1^{-+}[\rho]P$  exotic waves: (a) the  $M^\epsilon=0^-$  and  $1^-$  waves combined; (b) the  $M^\epsilon=1^+$  wave. The 21-wave rank-1 PWA fit to the data is shown as the points with error bars and the shaded histograms show estimated contributions from all non-exotic waves due to leakage.



E852 (1994)

 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$  $J^{PC} = 1^{++}$  Exotic  $\pi_1(1600)/\pi_2(1670)$ 

$$M(\pi_1(1600)) = 1598 \pm 8_{-47}^{+29} \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

$$\Gamma(\pi_1(1600)) = 168 \pm 20_{-12}^{+150} \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

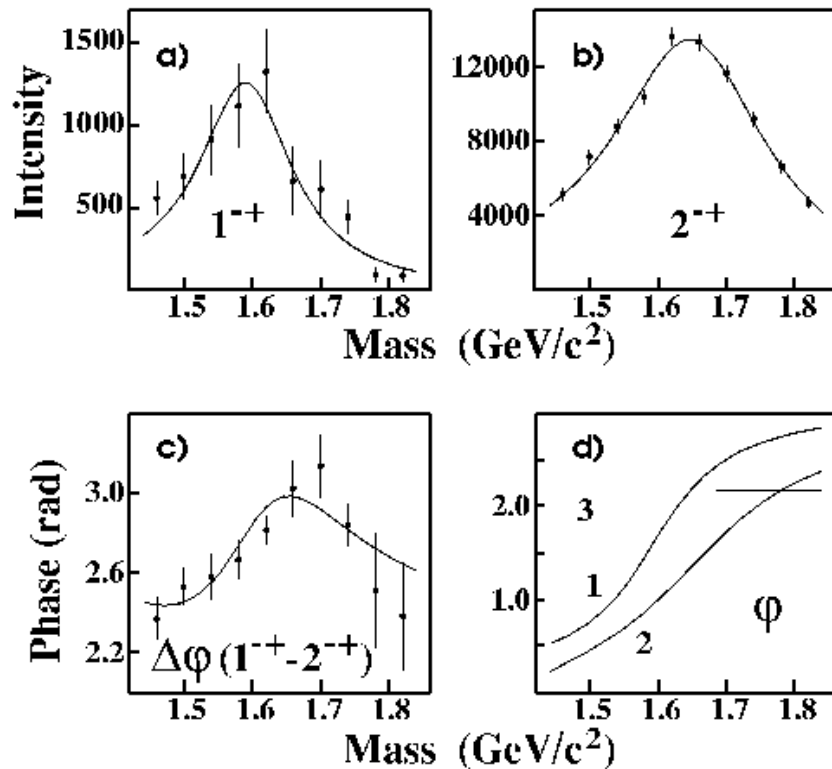
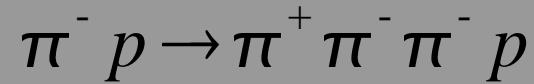


FIG. 24. A coupled mass-dependent Breit-Wigner fit of the  $1^{-+}[\rho(770)]P1^+$  and  $2^{-+}[f_2(1270)]S0^+$  waves. (a)  $1^{-+}[\rho(770)]P1^+$  wave intensity. (b)  $2^{-+}[f_2(1270)]S0^+$  wave intensity. (c) Phase difference between the  $1^{-+}[\rho(770)]P1^+$  and  $2^{-+}[f_2(1270)]S0^+$  waves. (d) Phase motion of the  $1^{-+}[\rho(770)]P1^+$  wave (1),  $2^{-+}[f_2(1270)]S0^+$  wave (2), and the production phase between them (3).

E852 (1994)



$$J^{PC} = 1^{++} \text{ Exotic } \pi_1(1600)/\pi_2(1670)$$

$$M(\pi_1(1600)) = 1598 \pm 8_{-47}^{+29} \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

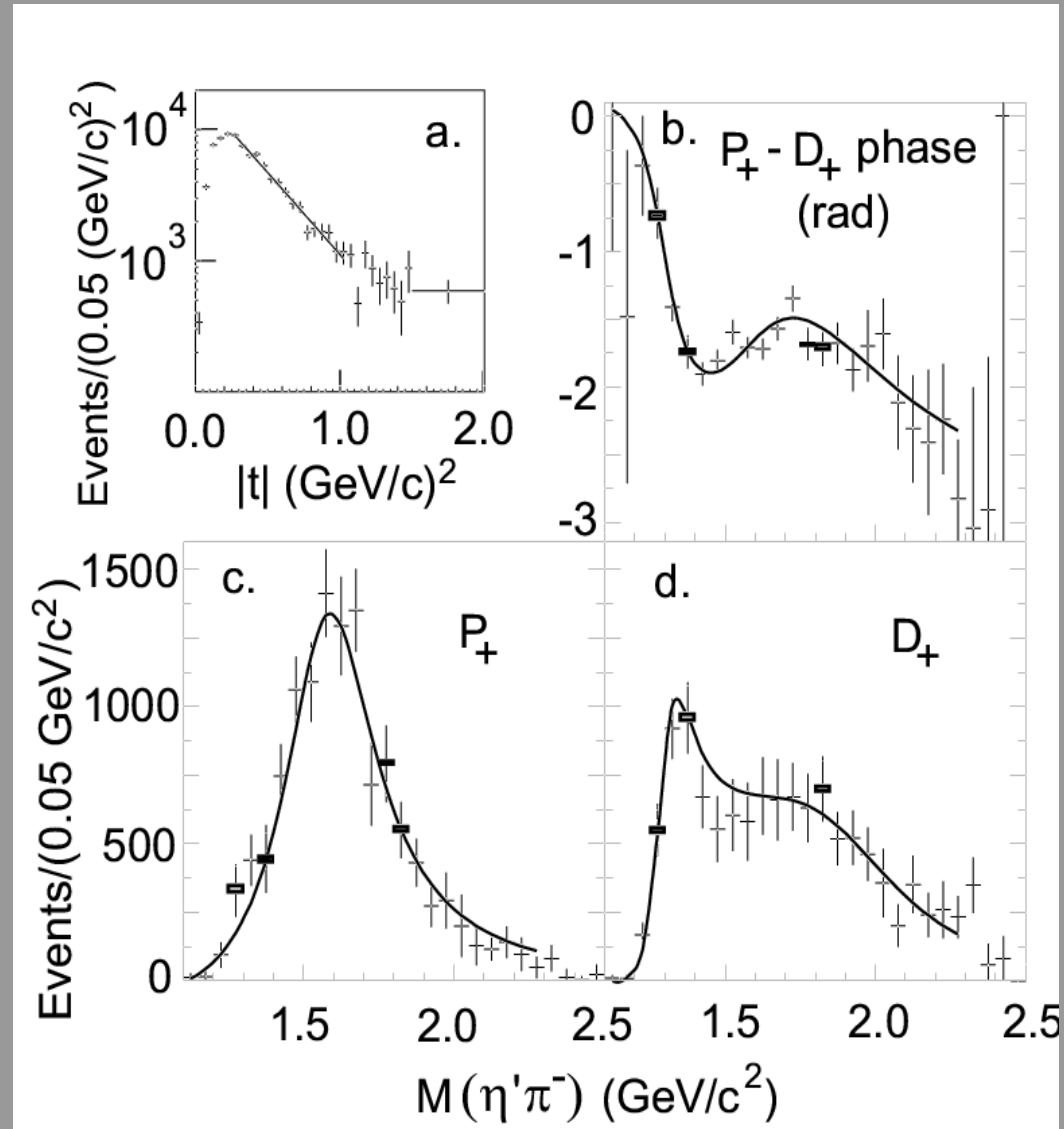
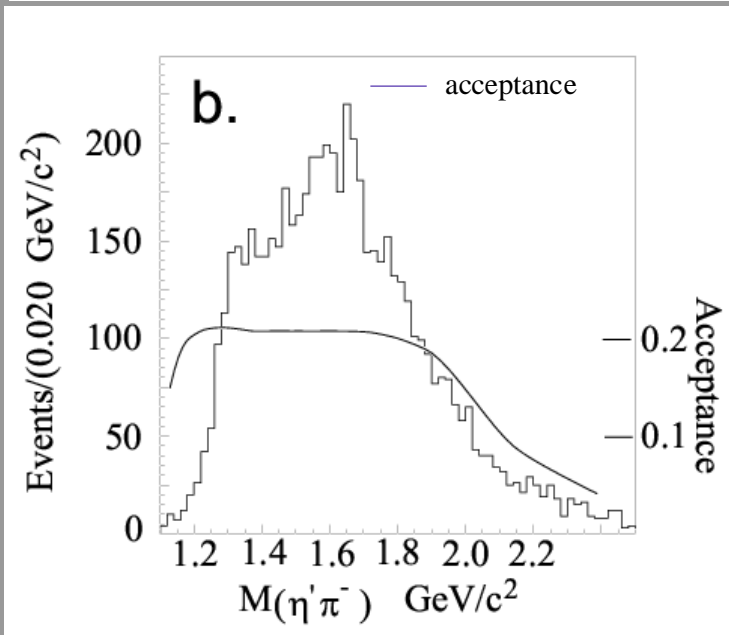
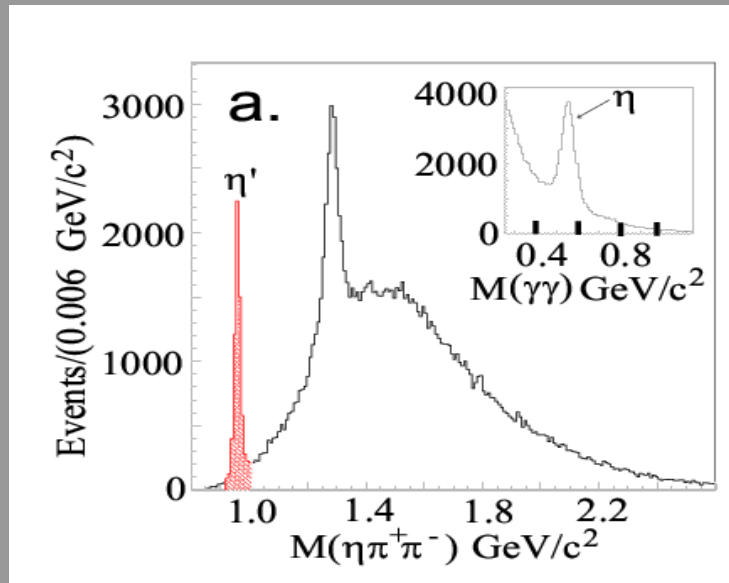
$$\Gamma(\pi_1(1600)) = 168 \pm 20_{-12}^{+150} \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

### Resonance parameters

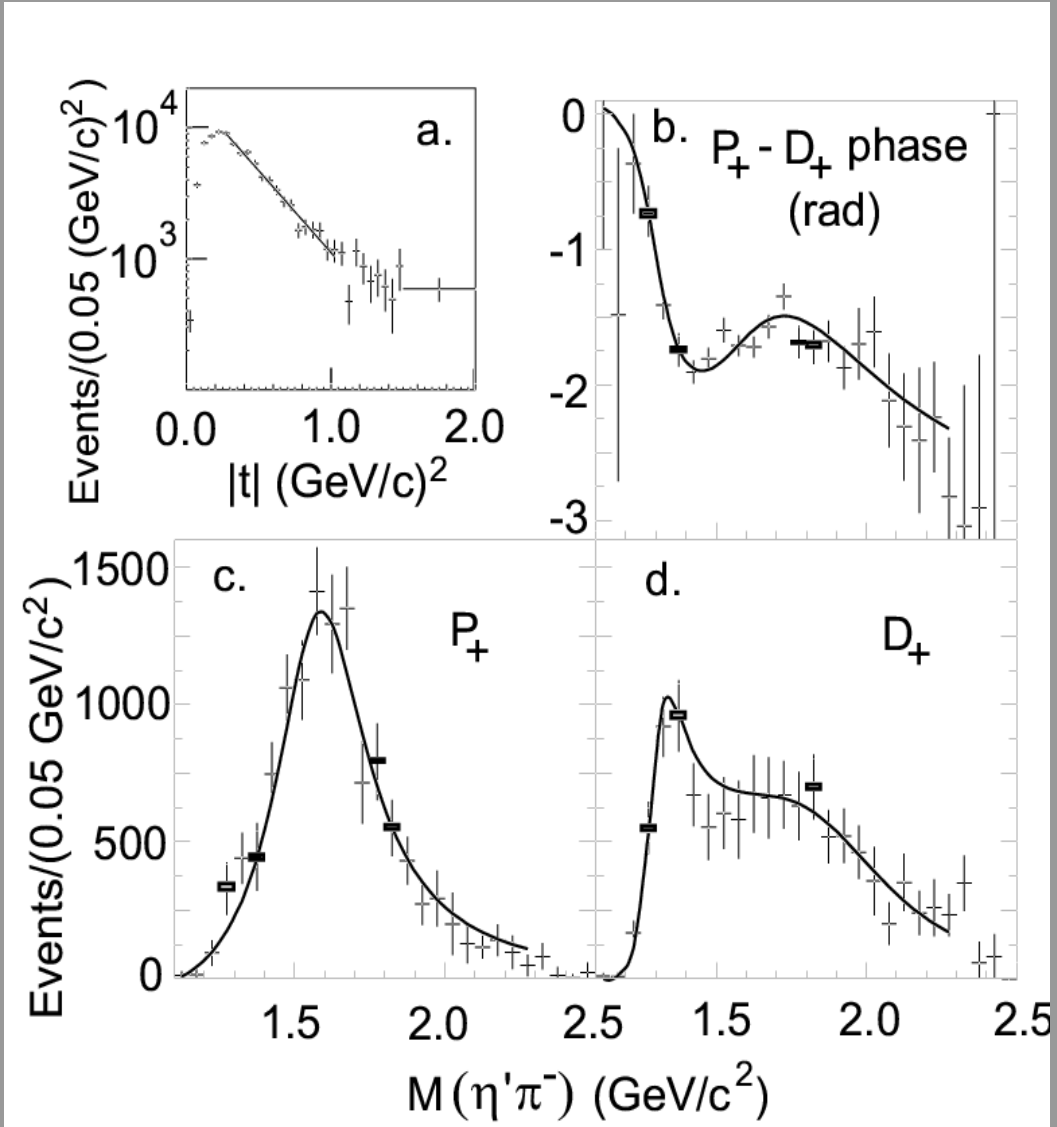
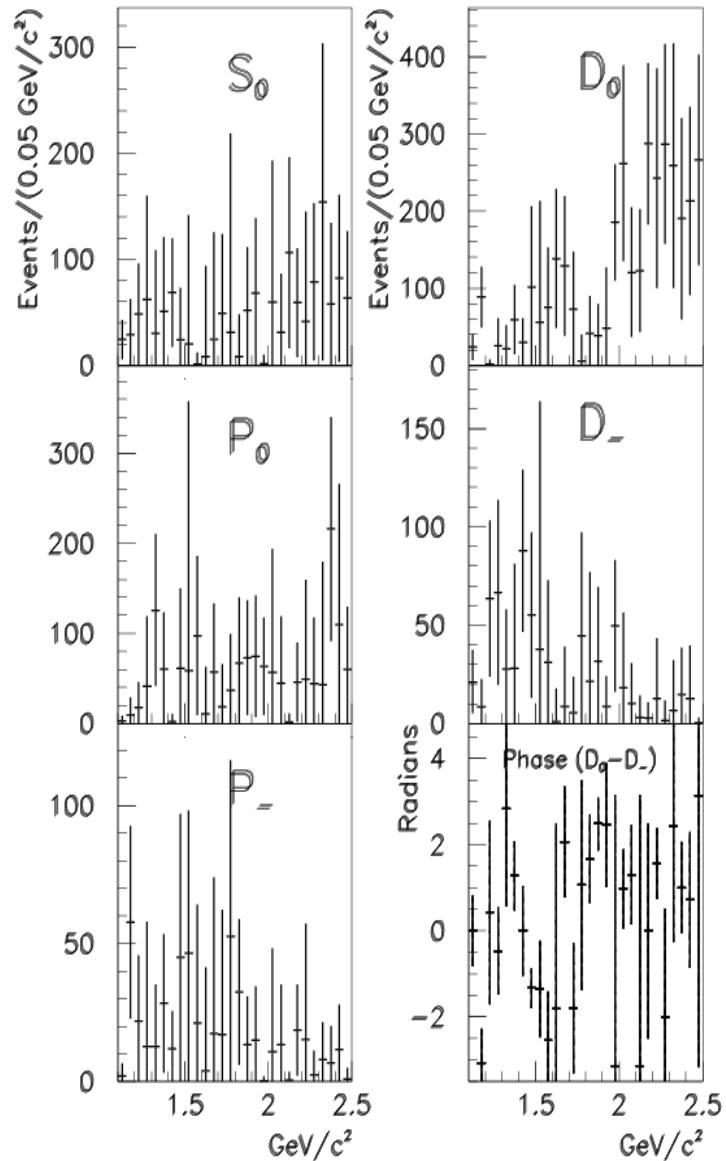
$J^{PC}$ Resonance and decay mode(s) used	$M$ , MeV/ $c^2$	$\Gamma$ , MeV/ $c^2$
$0^{-+} \pi(1300) \rightarrow \rho(770) \pi$	$1343 \pm 15 \pm 24$	$449 \pm 39 \pm 47$
$0^{-+} \pi(1800) \rightarrow f_0(980) \pi$	$1774 \pm 18 \pm 20$	$223 \pm 48 \pm 50$
$0^{-+} \pi(1800) \rightarrow \sigma \pi$	$1863 \pm 9 \pm 10$	$191 \pm 21 \pm 20$
$1^{-+} \pi_1(1600) \rightarrow \rho(770) \pi$	$1593 \pm 8_{-47}^{+29}$	$168 \pm 20_{-12}^{+150}$
$1^{++} a_1(1700) \rightarrow \rho(770) \pi$	$1714 \pm 9 \pm 36$	$308 \pm 37 \pm 62$
$2^{-+} \pi_2(1670) \rightarrow f_2(1270) \pi$	$1676 \pm 3 \pm 8$	$254 \pm 3 \pm 31$
$2^{++} a_2(1320) \rightarrow \rho(770) \pi$	$1326 \pm 2 \pm 2$	$108 \pm 3 \pm 15$
$3^{++} a_3(1874) \rightarrow \rho(770) \pi, f_2(1270) \pi, \rho_3(1690) \pi$	$1874 \pm 43 \pm 96$	$385 \pm 121 \pm 114$
$4^{++} a_4(2040) \rightarrow \rho(770) \pi, f_2(1270) \pi$	$1996 \pm 25 \pm 43$	$298 \pm 81 \pm 85$

E852 (1995)  $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \eta' \pi^-$ ,  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  6048 Events

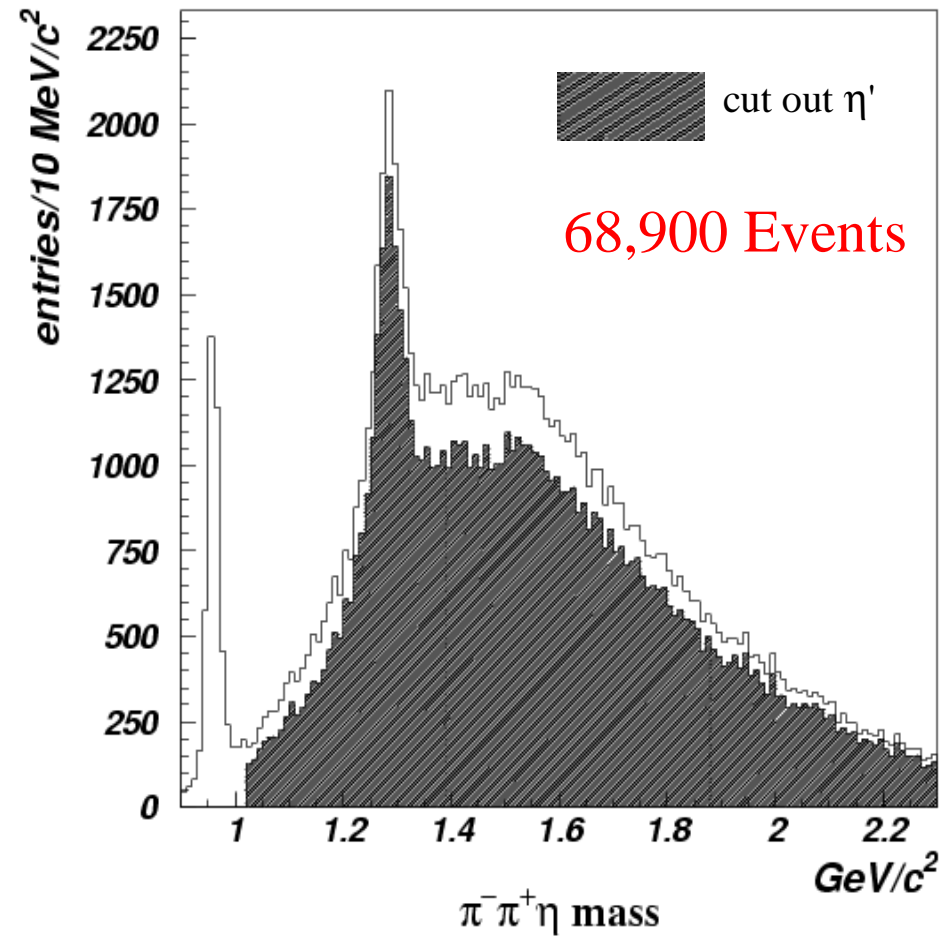
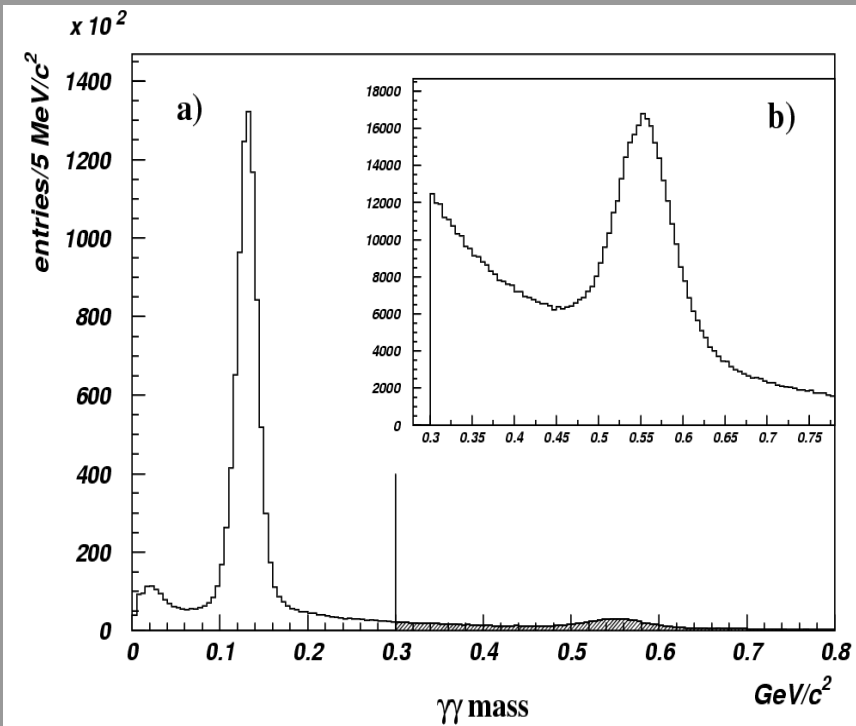
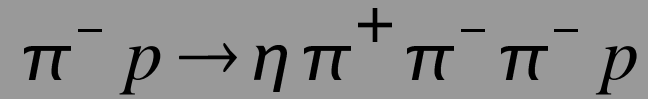
$M(\pi_1(1600)) = 1597 \pm 10^{+45} \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 $M(\pi_1(1600)) = 1340 \pm 40 \pm 50 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



E852 (1995)  $\pi^- p \rightarrow (\pi_1(1600)) \pi^-$ ,  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  6048 Events



E852





# E852 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$

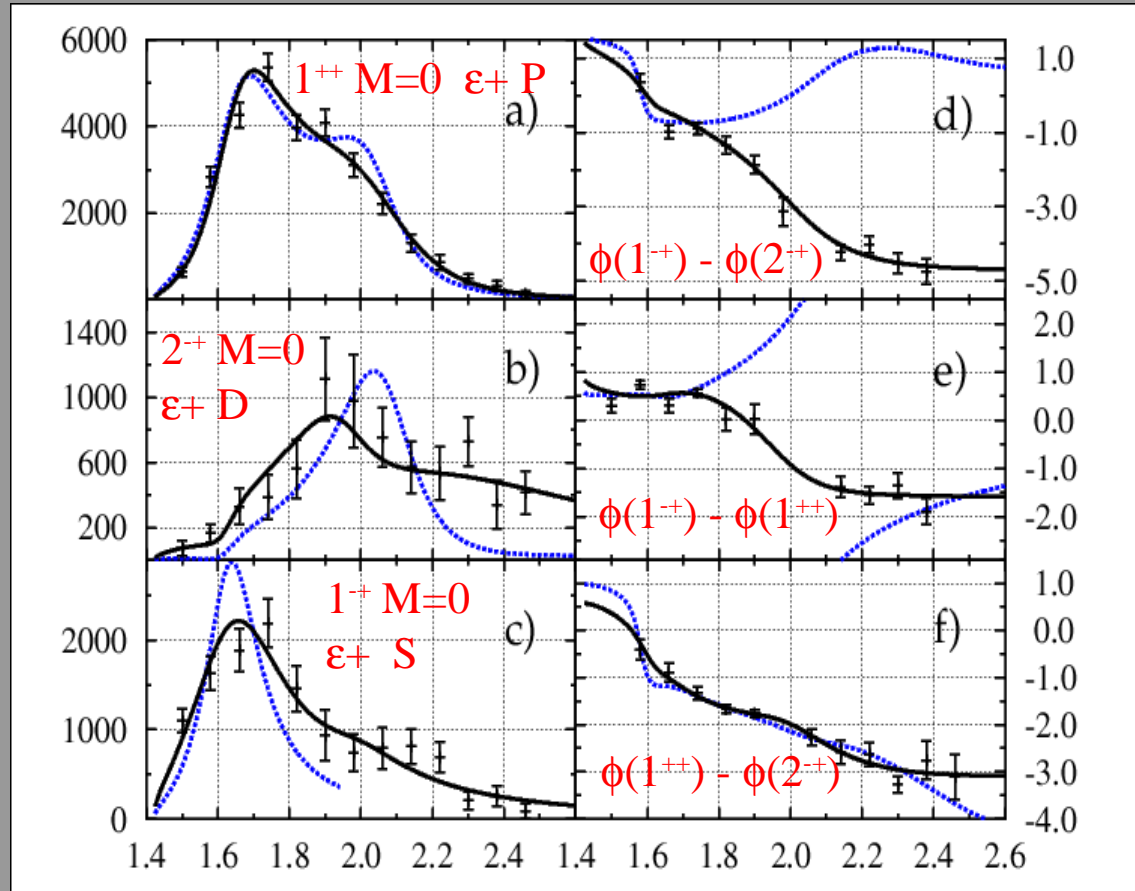
## Partial Wave Analysis 53+1 waves

PWA Fit Waveset

$J^{PC} m^c$	primary decay	$L$	$S$	# of waves
$0^-+0^-$	$\eta(1295)\pi^-$	0	0	2
$0^-+0^-$	$a_0^-(980)\sigma$	1	0	1
$2^{++}0^-$	$a_2^-(1320)\sigma$	0	2	1
$2^{++}0^-$	$a_2^-(1320)\rho$	1,3	1,2,3	6
$1^-+1^+$	$a_0^-(980)\rho$	0	1	1
$1^-+1^+$	$a_1^-(1260)\eta$	0	1	2
$1^-+1^+$	$f_1(1285)\pi^-$	0	1	2
$1^-+1^+$	$\rho'(1460)\pi^-$	1	1	1
$1^{++}0^+$	$a_0^-(980)\rho$	1	1	1
$1^{++}0^+$	$a_1^-(1260)\eta$	1	1	2
$1^{++}0^+$	$f_1(1285)\pi^-$	1	1	2
$1^{++}0^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\eta$	1	2	1
$1^{++}0^+$	$\rho'(1460)\pi^-$	0,2	1	2
$1^{++}0^+$	$\rho_3(1690)\pi^-$	2	3	1
$2^-+0^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\eta$	0	2	1
$2^-+0^+$	$\rho'(1460)\pi^-$	1	1	1
$2^-+0^+$	$a_1^-(1260)\eta$	2	1	2
$2^-+0^+$	$f_1(1285)\pi^-$	2	1	2
$2^{++}1^+$	$\pi_2^-(1670)\eta$	0	2	2
$2^{++}1^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\rho$	1	1,2,3	3
$2^{++}1^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\eta$	1	2	1
$3^{++}0^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\eta$	1	2	1
$3^{++}0, 1^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\rho$	1	2,3	4
$3^{++}0^+$	$a_1^-(1260)\eta$	3	1	2
$4^{++}1^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\rho$	1	3	1
$4^{++}1^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\rho$	3	1,2,3	3
$4^{++}1^+$	$a_1^-(1260)\eta$	3	1	2
$4^{++}1^+$	$a_2^-(1320)\eta$	1	2	1
$4^{++}1^+$	$\pi^-(1800)\eta$	4	0	2
Background				1

### $f_1(1285) \pi$ Partial Waves

— 2  $J^{PC}=1^+$  poles  
 - - - 1  $J^{PC}=1^+$  pole

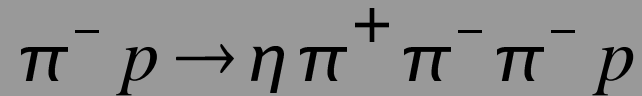


$$\frac{\chi^2}{DOF} = \frac{70.6}{47} = 1.5$$

$$\frac{\chi^2}{DOF} = \frac{383.6}{46} = 8.4$$

See P. Eugenio's talk, this conference

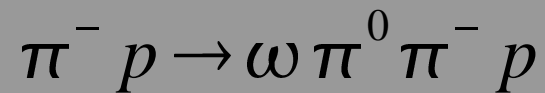
E852 (1995)



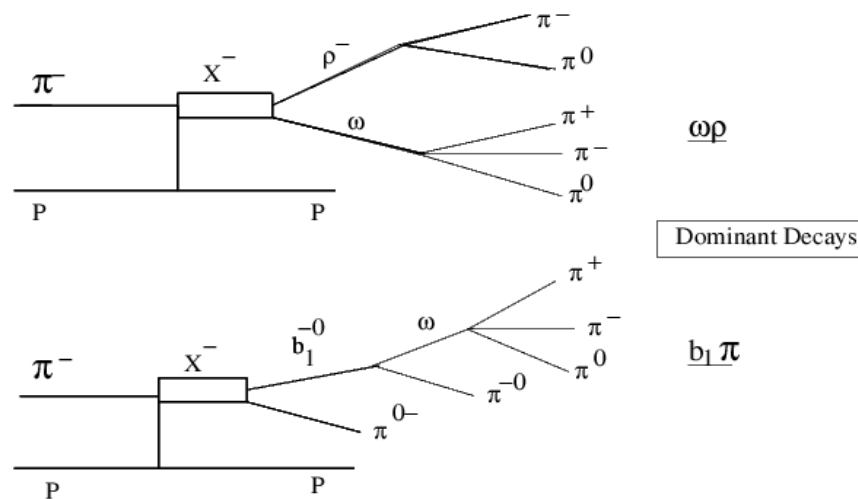
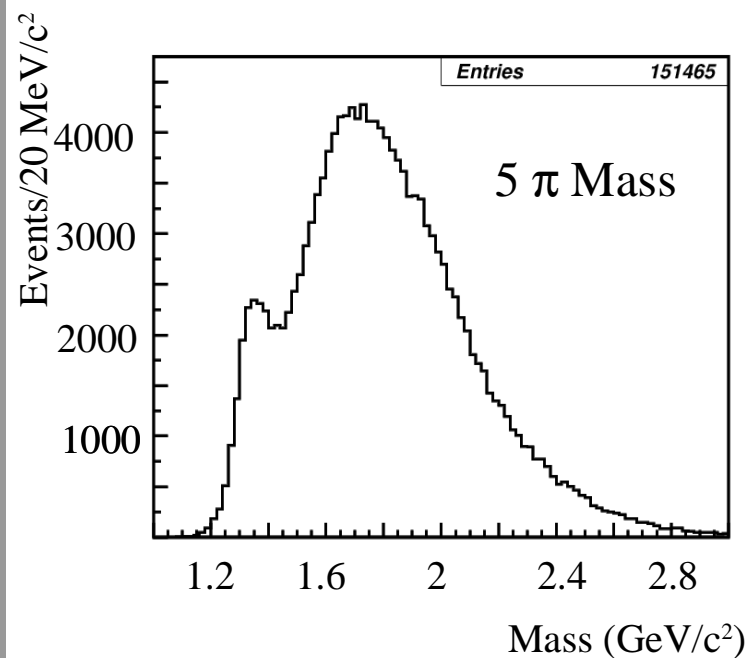
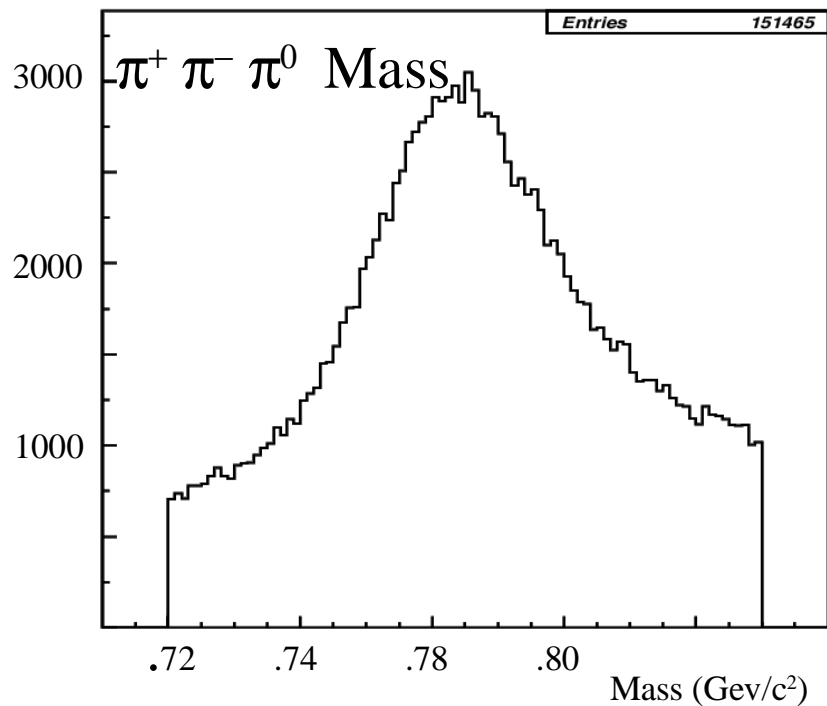
Partial Wave Analysis Results:

Wave	Mass [MeV/ $c^2$ ]	$\Gamma$ [MeV/ $c^2$ ]
$1^{++}0^+ f_1 \pi P$	1714 (fixed)	308 (fixed)
	$2096 \pm 17$	$451 \pm 41$
$2^{-+}0^+ f_1 \pi D$	1676 (fixed)	254 (fixed)
	$2003 \pm 88$	$306 \pm 132$
	$2460 \pm 328$	$1540 \pm 1214$
$1^{-+}1^+ f_1 \pi S$	$1709 \pm 24$	$403 \pm 80$
	$2001 \pm 30$	$333 \pm 52$

E852 (1995)



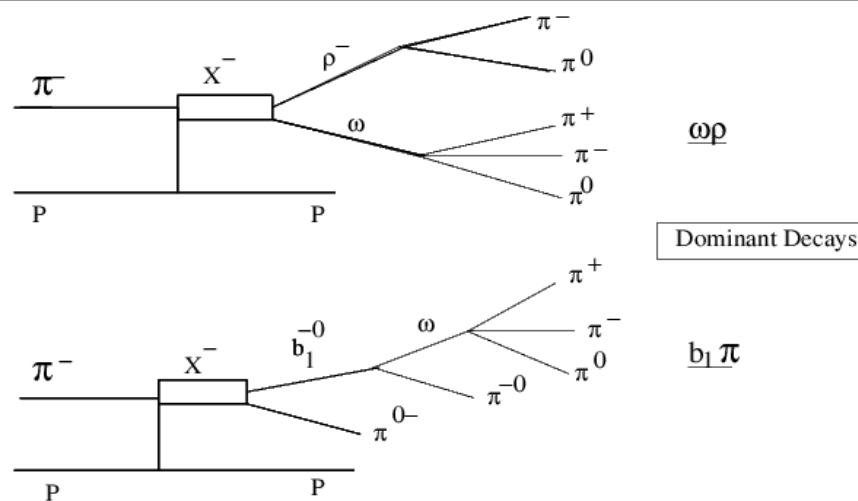
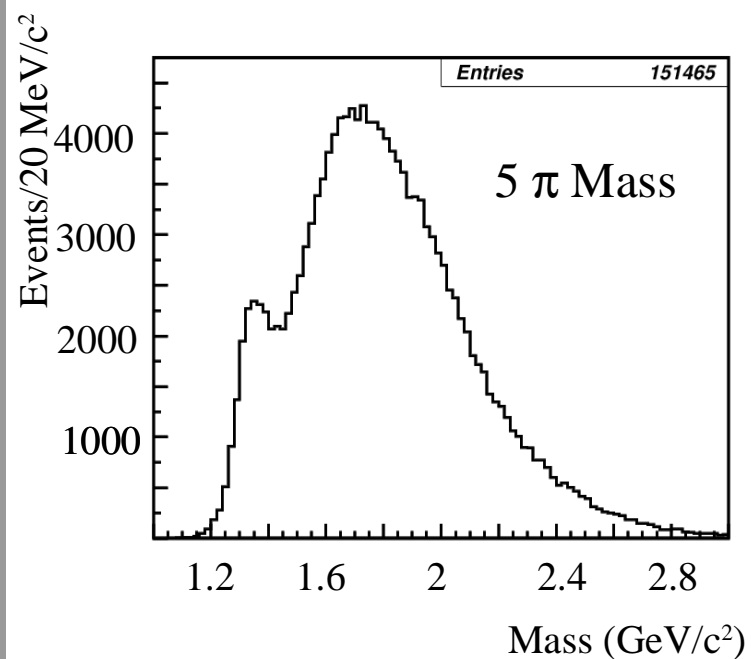
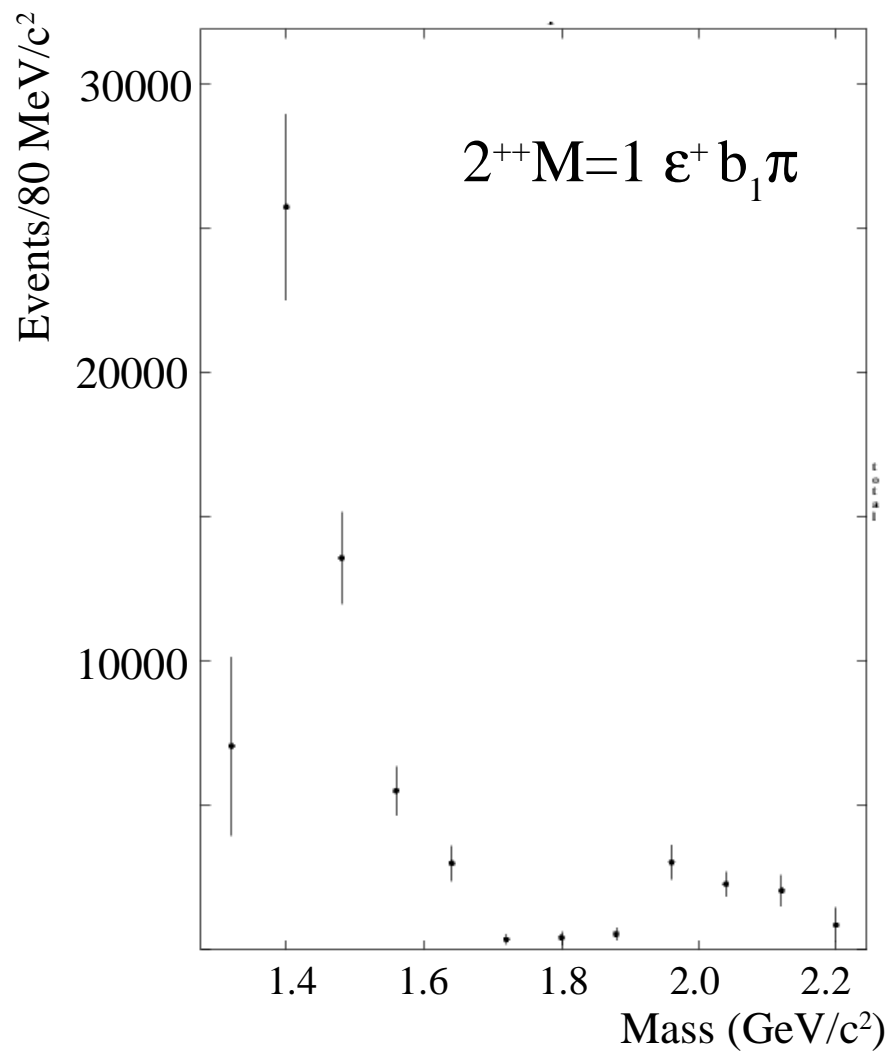
150,000 Events



E852 (1995)

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow \omega \pi^0 \pi^- p$$

150,000 Events



# E852 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \omega \pi^0 \pi^- p$

## Partial Waves

$\mathbf{b}_1 \pi (I^G = 1^-)$		
$\mathbf{L}$	$J^{PC}$	$M^\epsilon$
0	$1^{-+}$	$1^+$
	$1^{-+}$	$1^-$
	$1^{-+}$	$0^-$
1	$1^{++}$	$0^+$
	$1^{++}$	$1^+$
	$2^{++}$	$1^+$
	$2^{++}$	$0^-$
2	$2^{-+}$	$0^+$
	$2^{-+}$	$1^-$
	$2^{-+}$	$1^+$
3	$2^{++}$	$1^+$
	$4^{++}$	$1^+$

$\omega \rho (I^G = 1^-)$			
$\mathbf{L}$	$\mathbf{S}$	$J^{PC}$	$M^\epsilon$
0	1	$1^{++}$	$0^+$
	2	$2^{++}$	$0^-$
	2	$2^{++}$	$1^+$
1	1	$0^{-+}$	$0^+$
	1	$2^{-+}$	$0^+$
	1	$2^{-+}$	$1^-$
	2	$2^{-+}$	$0^+$
	2	$2^{-+}$	$1^+$
2	2	$1^{++}$	$0^+$
	2	$1^{++}$	$1^+$
	2	$3^{++}$	$0^+$
	2	$4^{++}$	$1^+$
3	1	$2^{-+}$	$0^+$

Tested and rejected:

$\rho(1450) \pi$

$a_1(1260) \sigma$

$a_2(1320) \sigma$

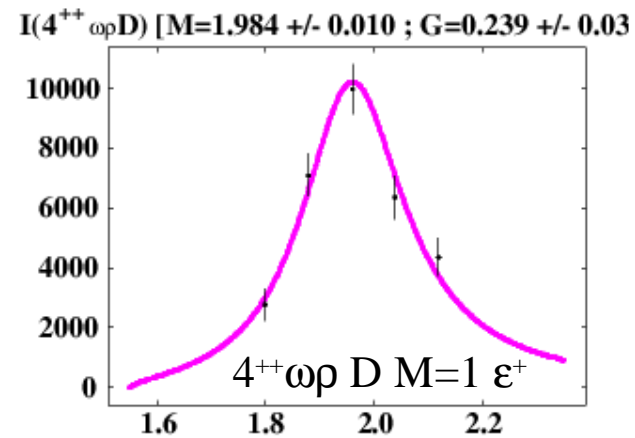
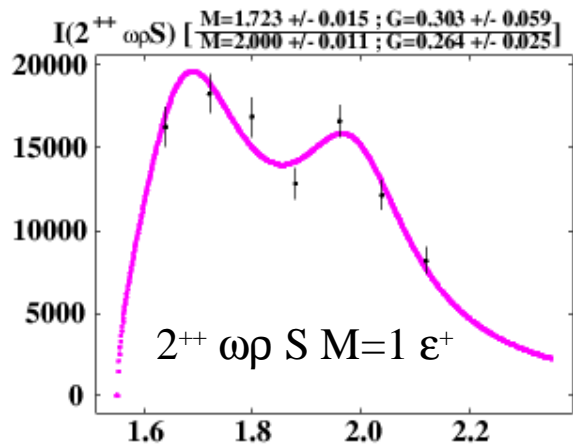
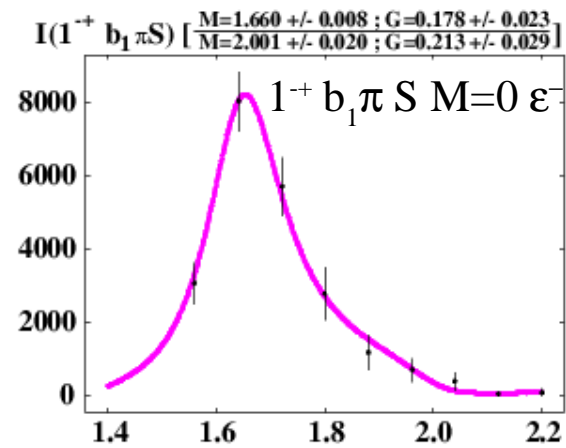
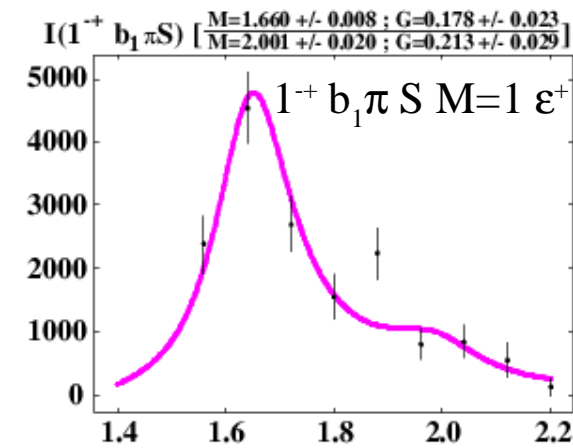
Included:

$\rho_3(1690) \pi \ 3^{++} 0^+$

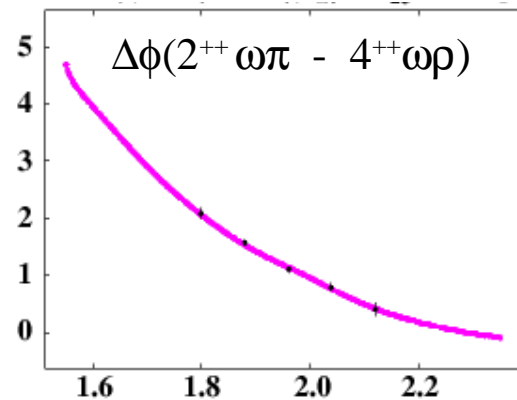
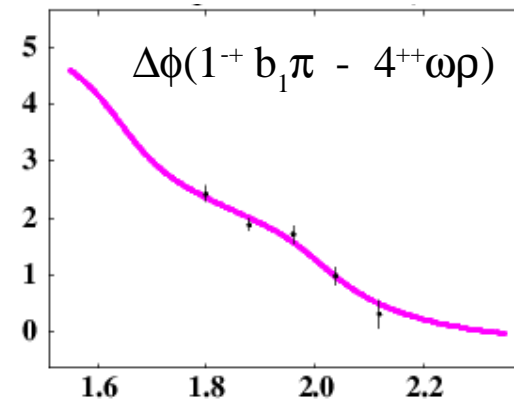
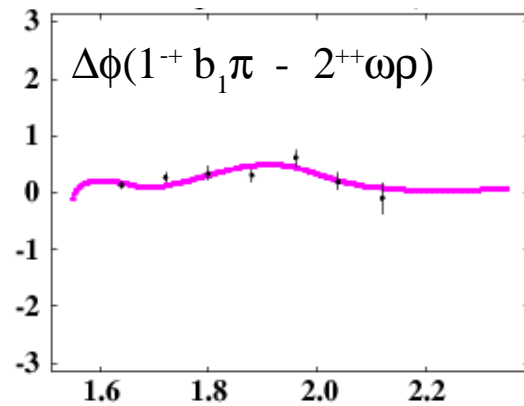
incoherent isotropic background

27 waves in fit

## Intensity



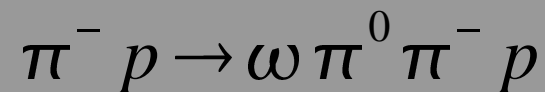
## Phases Differences



$$\frac{\chi^2}{DOF} = \frac{32.97}{25} = 1.32$$



E852 (1995)



Partial Wave Analysis Results:

Wave	Mass( $MeV/c^2$ )	Width ( $MeV/c^2$ )
$1^{-+}1^+b_1\pi S$	$1687 \pm 11$	$206 \pm 28$
	$2028 \pm 19$	$214 \pm 33$
$2^{++}0^+\omega\rho S$	$1753 \pm 16$	$279 \pm 43$
	$2019 \pm 9$	$232 \pm 22$
$4^{++}0^+\omega\rho D$	$1995 \pm 10$	$208 \pm 26$

# SU(3)<sub>flavor</sub> Symmetry

$$8 \otimes 8 = 27 \oplus 10 \oplus \bar{10} \oplus 8_1 \oplus 8_2 \oplus 1$$

Lipkin, PLB196, 245 (1989)

$$J^{PC} = 1^{-+} \quad \bar{q} G q \not\rightarrow \eta \pi$$

Chung & Klempt:

$$\text{if } X_{10 \oplus \bar{10}} \rightarrow \eta_8 \pi \Rightarrow X \not\rightarrow \rho \pi$$

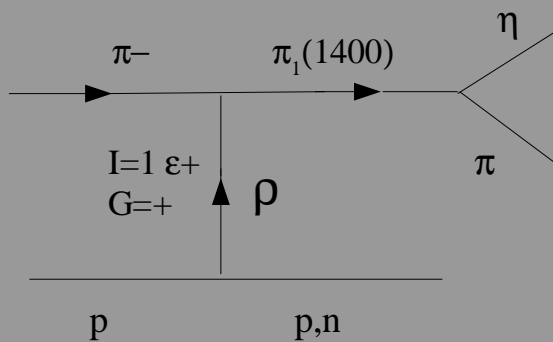


Table II:  $SU(3)$  Multiplets and their Composition

$SU(3)$ Multiplet	$J^{PC}$ or $J^P$	Composition
Singlet ( <b>1</b> )	even <sup>++</sup>	$q\bar{q}$ , $q\bar{q} + g$ , $q\bar{q} + q\bar{q}$
Symmetric Octet ( <b>8<sub>1</sub></b> )	even <sup>++</sup>	$q\bar{q}$ , $q\bar{q} + g$ , $q\bar{q} + q\bar{q}$
Antisymmetric Octet ( <b>8<sub>2</sub></b> )	odd <sup>--</sup>	$q\bar{q}$ , $q\bar{q} + g$ , $q\bar{q} + q\bar{q}$
multiplet <b>20</b> ( <b>10</b> $\oplus$ <b><math>\bar{10}</math></b> )	odd <sup>-</sup>	$q\bar{q} + q\bar{q}$ (14 strange states)
	odd <sup>+-</sup>	$q\bar{q} + q\bar{q}$ (3 non-strange states)
	odd <sup>--</sup>	$q\bar{q} + q\bar{q}$ (3 non-strange states)
Multiplet 27	even <sup>++</sup>	$q\bar{q} + q\bar{q}$

Chung, Klempt, and Korner Eur.Phys.J.A15, 539 (2002)

## Summary and Conclusions

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$\pi_1(1400)$ : 'First'  $J^{PC}=1^{-+}$  Exotic Meson:  $M \sim 1400 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ ,  $\Gamma \sim 340 \text{ MeV}$

$q\bar{q}q\bar{q}?$

$\pi_1(1600)$ : Seen now in  $\rho\pi$ ,  $\eta'\pi$ ,  $f_1(1285)\pi$ ,  $b_1(1235)\pi$

$M \sim 1600 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ ,  $\Gamma \sim 340 \text{ MeV}$  gluonic hybrid?

$\varepsilon^+$   $\varepsilon^-?$

NEW:  $\pi_1(2000)$  : Seen in 'preferred' modes  $f_1(1285)\pi$  and  $b_1(1235)\pi^*$

\*Special thanks to Joaquim Kuhn and Minghui Lu